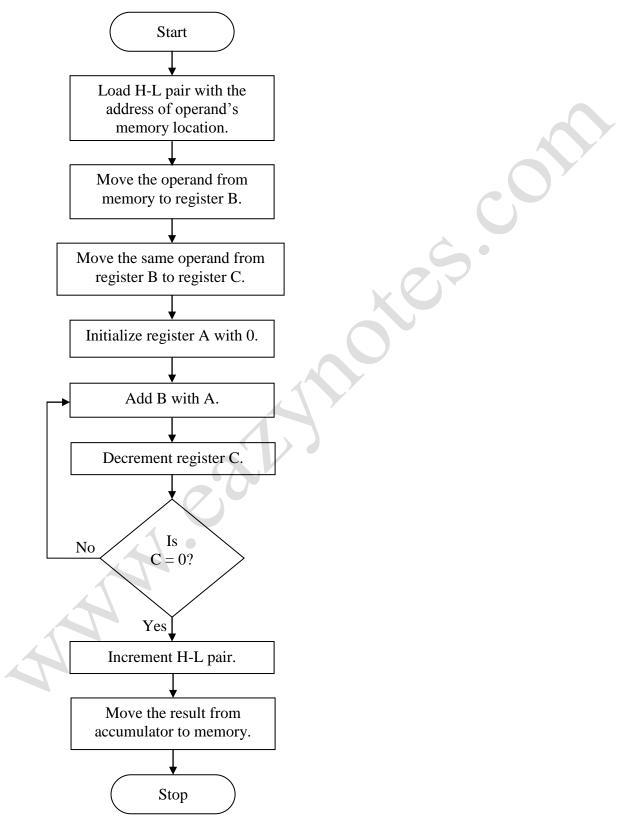
## Program 17: Find square of an 8-bit number.

## Flowchart:



| Address | Mnemonics | Operand  | Opcode | Remarks                                     |
|---------|-----------|----------|--------|---|
| 2000    | LXI       | Н, 3000Н | 21     | Load H-L pair with address 3000H.           |
| 2001    |           |          | 00     | Lower-order of 3000H.                       |
| 2002    |           |          | 30     | Higher-order of 3000H.                      |
| 2003    | MOV       | B, M     | 46     | Move the operand from memory to reg. B.     |
| 2004    | MOV       | С, М     | 4E     | Move the same number from reg. B to reg. C. |
| 2005    | MVI       | A, 00H   | 3E     | Initialize accumulator with 00H.            |
| 2006    |           |          | 00     | Immediate value 00H.                        |
| 2007    | ADD       | В        | 80     | Add B with A.                               |
| 2008    | DCR       | С        | 0D     | Decrement reg. C (counter).                 |
| 2009    | JNZ       | 2007H    | C2     | Jump back to address 2007H if $C \neq 0$ .  |
| 200A    |           |          | 07     | Lower-order of 2007H.                       |
| 200B    |           |          | 20     | Higher-order of 2007H.                      |
| 200C    | INX       | Н        | 23     | Increment H-L pair.                         |
| 200D    | MOV       | M, A     | 77     | Move the result from accumulator to memory. |
| 200E    | HLT       |          | 76     | Halt.                                       |

**Program:** 

## **Explanation:**

- This program finds the square of an 8-bit number stored in memory location 3000H.
- The square of a number is found by multiplying it by itself.
- Therefore, the number is added with itself and is also used as counter.
- Let us assume that the operands stored at memory location 3000H is 03H.
- Then, by using successive addition method, we get 03H + 03H + 03H = 09H.
- Initially, H-L pair is loaded with the address of the operand.
- The operand is moved to register B from memory location 3000H and then it is copied to register C.
- Accumulator is initialized to 00H.
- Register B is added with accumulator and the result is stored in accumulator.
- Register C (counter) is decremented by 1.
- Then, counter is checked for zero. If it hasn't become zero yet, then register B is again added with accumulator, and counter is again checked for zero.
- If counter becomes zero, then H-L pair is incremented and the result is moved from accumulator to memory location 3001H.

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**Output:** 

**Before Execution:** 

3000H: 03H

After Execution:

3001H: 09H